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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/634,826	08/06/2003	Virgilio Miriello	Q76763 7350		
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 04/20/200 ON, PLLC	EXAMINER			
2100 PENNSY	LVÁNIA AVENUE, N	CHERY, DADY			
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MO	NTHS	04/20/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

<i>></i> /

PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)	Office Action Summary	Pa	art of Paper No./Mail Date	20070411			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1	D-948) 5)	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal P Other:	ate				
Attachment(c)							
- See the attached detailed Oπice action to	ioi a iist of the certified	copies not receive	cu.				
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	r foreign priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to be	•						
Applicant may not request that any objection				4.4047-1			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a	ı)□ accepted or b)□ o						
9) The specification is objected to by the B	Examiner.						
Application Papers							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election requi	rement.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1- 7</u> is/are rejected.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	withdrawn from consid	eration.					
4) Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.							
Disposition of Claims							
closed in accordance with the practice	under <i>⊑x parte Quayle</i>	e, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	03 U.G. 213.				
, ————————————————————————————————————	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
,—	☐ This action is non-t						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>06 August 2003</u> .						
Status							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communi - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statut - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF THIS (37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, he cation. ory period will apply and will exp l, by statute, cause the application	COMMUNICATION owever, may a reply be timing the six (6) MONTHS from the notes of the second ABANDONE!	It is the state of this common the mailing date of this common (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Period for Reply							
The MAILING DATE of this communica	Dady Chery	ver sheet with the c	2616 orrespondence addr	ess			
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
0.00	10/634,826		MIRIELLO ET AL.				
·	Application N	O. ,	Applicatings				

Art Unit: 2616

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Claim 34 recites a means that does not appear in combination with another recited element of means. The single means recites in the claim make it nonenabling because the specification disclosed at most only those means known to the inventor.

See MPEP 2164.08 (a).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Art Unit: 2616

3. Claims 1,2,6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by (Proposed ITU-T contribution on transparent OCH Spring, January 2001 by Corning Incorporated).

Regarding 1, Corning discloses a method for shared protection in an Optical Transport Network ring (Page 2, Fig. 2.1) where there is an APS signaling information presents in each node (Page 4, Fig. 3.1). Corning also discloses a working path that carries primary traffic (High Priority Traffic) and a protection path that carries extra traffic (Low Priority Traffic) (Page2, Paragraph 1). When a fault occurs the ring (Fig. 2.2) responds by disconnecting the extra traffic (Low Priority Traffic) and using the protection path to carry the primary traffic (High Priority Traffic) (Pages 2 and 3, Paragraph 2). Which is the same function as described by the instant application. Corning further discloses an ODU layer having an overhead frame part to carry APS signaling information (Page 4, Paragraph 5).

Regarding claim 2, Corning discloses a method where an ODU dedicated sublayer is enabled on the nodes that terminate the ODU-path and on all the nodes (Fig. 3.1) belonging to the ODU protection path in the opposite side of the ring, the dedicated sub-layer is used to access the said APS signaling information (Page 4, Paragraph 5).

Regarding claims 6 and 7, Corning discloses an optical Transport Network ring and nodes, wherein it comprises means to perform the method of claim 1 (Fig. 2.1, node A and D).

Page 4

Application/Control Number: 10/634,826

Art Unit: 2616

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein

Art Unit: 2616

were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corning in the view of Brissette (US Patent 7,143,161, hereinafter Brissette).

Regarding claim 3, Corning discloses all the limitation of claim 3, excepts the ODU dedicated sub-layer is Tandem Connection Monitoring.

However, Brissette teaches the ODU dedicated sub-layer is Tandem Connection Monitoring (Fig. 1). Therefore, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the Tandem Connection Monitoring extract the tandem connection monitoring information from received signals (Abstract).

Claims 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corning in the view of Marra et al. (US Patent 5,341,364, hereinafter Marra).

Regarding claim 4, Corning discloses a method where the APS signaling information is performed at each node (Page 5, Fig. 4.1).

Corning fails to teaches the table with the APS enable information and the table gives information concerning of enabling of each ODU- path.

Art Unit: 2616

However, Marra teaches a table (Fig. 11) that gives APS enable information of each ODU –Path.

Therefore, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the table to store APS information for each node for the purpose of transport any switch request messages in the APS of the appropriate protection path (Col. 7, lines 10 –11).

Claims 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corning in the view of (Transmission and Multiplexing; SDH: Network protection schemes, ETSI ETS300746, February 1997, hereinafter ETSI).

Regarding claim 5, Corning discloses when a failure occurs is an ODU working path, the APS signaling information is routing along the opposite side of the ring (Page 2, Fig 2.2 – Page 3).

Corning fails to teach if the APS signaling information is performed with certain rules. However, ETSI teaches the rule for performing the APS signaling information as described by the instant application (Page 14, 5.1.2.2). Where the Network Element (NE) monitoring all working and protection channel for failure and degradation condition according to the priority level (High or Low traffic) and sends the bridged indication.

Therefore, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use certain rule for performing the APS signaling information for the purpose of protect working traffic affected by a hard-failure and request used to protect against soft failure.

Art Unit: 2616

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dady Chery whose telephone number is 571-270-1207. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 8 am - 4 pm ESt.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky Q. Ngo can be reached on 571-272-3139. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

RICKY Q. NGO SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER